

Q.P. Code : 60865

Second Semester M.Sc. Degree Examination, July 2019  
(CBCS Scheme)

Mathematics

Paper M 205 T - NUMERICAL ANALYSIS - I

Time : 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 70

Instructions :

- 1) Answer any **FIVE** full questions.
  - 2) All questions carry equal marks.
1. (a) State Descarte's rule of signs and Sturm's theorem using strum sequence. Find the number of real and complex roots of  $4x^4 + 2x^2 - 1 = 0$ .
- (b) Prove or disprove that the Newton-Raphson method for finding a simple root of  $f(x) = 0$  has a quadratic convergence whereas linearly for finding a multiple root. (7 + 7)
2. (a) Extract a quadratic factor of the form  $px^2 + qx + 1 = 0$  from  $x^3 - x - 1 = 0$  ( $p_0 = 0.5 = q_0$ ).
- (b) Find roots of  $2x - \cos x - 3 = 0$  with  $x_0 = \pi/2$  correct to four decimal places using Aitkene's  $\Delta^2$  - method. (7 + 7)
3. (a) Define an  $n \times n$  order tri-diagonal and develop a recursion algorithm to this system. Also solve by using algorithm  $[A : B] =$
- $$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 0 & 0 : 1 \\ 2 & 3 & 1 & 0 : 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 4 & 2 : 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 3 : 4 \end{bmatrix}$$
- (b) Explain ill-conditioning with examples. Show that the Hilbert matrix of order 3 is highly ill-conditioned by finding its condition number. (7 + 7)
4. (a) For the solution of the system of equation
- $$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 7 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
- set up SOR method. Find the optimal relaxation factor.
- (b) Solve the equation  $y \cos(xy) + 1 = 0$   $\sin(xy) + x - y = 0$  assuming the initial approximation (1, 2) by homotopy continuation method. (7 + 7)

Q.P. Code : 60865

5. (a) Derive the Hermite interpolation formula for the data values  $(x_i, f(x_i), f'(x_i)), i = 0, 1, 2, \dots, n$ .

(b) Find the rational approximation  $R_{2,3}$  for the function  $f(x) = \sin x$ . (7 + 7)

6. (a) Derive Newton's bivariate interpolation polynomial for equispaced points, hence find  $f(0.25, 0.75)$  using linear interpolation for the data :

x \ y	0	1
0	1	1.4142
1	1.7820	1

(b) Obtain the cubic spline approximation for the function defined by the data :

x : 0 1 2 3

f(x) : 1 2 33 244

with  $M(0) = 0, M(3) = 0$ . Find an estimate of  $f(2.5)$ . (7 + 7)

7. (a) Evaluate  $\int_{-1}^1 e^{-x^2} \cos x dx$  using the Gauss-Legendre 2 and 3 point quadrature formula. Compare the results with exact solutions.

(b) Derive Gauss-Hermite 2 and 3 point quadrature formula and hence evaluate

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{e^{-x^2}}{1+x^2} dx.$$

(7 + 7)

8. (a) Derive Simpson's rule for  $\int_a^b \int_c^d f(x, y) dx dy$  for two subinterval.

(b) Evaluate  $\int_0^1 \int_0^2 \frac{2xy}{(1+x^2)(1+y^2)} dy dx$  using trapezoidal rule with  $h = k = 0.5$  and compare results with exact solutions.

(7 + 7)